

BHARAT SARKAR

भारतसरकार/ Government of India कार्यालय/ Office of

आयुक्त सीमाशुल्क-(एनएस-।)

Commissioner of Customs-(NS-I)

Jawaharlal Nehru Custom House (JNCH)

Nhava Sheva, Tal: Uran, Dist: Raigad, Maharashtra-400 707



F.No.S/26-Misc-166/2024-25/Gr.I&IA 5/10-Adj-112/2025-26/GR.IRIA

Date of Order: 03.12.2025 Date of Issue: 04.12.2025

SCH NO. 726 2028-25 DC GR. I RIA NS-I CAR THU DUR: 10:05. 2024 Order passed by: Atul Choudhary, Deputy Commissioner of Customs, Gr. I, NS-I, JNCH, Nhava Sheva.

1473

Order-in-Original No.: 43 2025-26/AC/Gr. I&IA/NS-I/CAC/JNCH

DIN: 20251278NW00006606FF

Name of Party/Noticee: M/s. T. K. Ventures (IEC: AHUPK0868P)

मूलआदेश

- यह प्रति जिस व्यक्ति को जारी की जाती है, उसके उपयोग के लिए नि:शुल्क दी जाती है।
- इस आदेश के विरुद्ध अपील सीमाशुल्क अधिनियम 1962 की धारा 128 (1) के तहत इस आदेश की संसूचना की तारीख से साठ दिनों के भीतर सीमाशुल्क आयुक्त) अपील(, जवाहरलाल नेहरू सीमाशुल्क भवन, शेवा, ता .उरण, जिला - रायगढ़, महाराष्ट्र- ४००७०७ को की जा सकती है। अपील दो प्रतियों में होनी चाहिए और सीमाशुल्क (अपील (नियमावली, 1982 के अनुसार फॉर्म सी.ए.-1 संलग्नक में की जानी चाहिए। अपील पर न्यायालय फीस के रूप में 2.00 रुपये मात्र का स्टांप लगाया जायेगा और साथ में यह आदेश या इसकी एक प्रति लगायी जायेगी। यदि इस आदेश की प्रति संलग्न की जाती है तो इस पर न्यायालय फीस के रूप में 2.00 रुपये का स्टांप भी लगाया जायेगा जैसा कि न्यायालय फीस अधिनियम 1870 की अनुसूची 1, मद 6 के अंतर्गत निर्धारित किया गया है।
- इस निर्णय या आदेश के विरुद्ध अपील करने वाला व्यक्ति अपील अनिर्णीत रहने तक, शुल्क या शास्ति के संबंध में विवाद होने पर माँगे गये शुल्क के 7.5% का, अथवा केवल शास्ति के संबंध में विवाद होने पर शास्ति का भुगतान करेगा।

ORDER-IN-ORIGINAL

- This copy is granted free of charge for the use of the person to whom it is issued.
- An appeal against this order lies with the Commissioner of Customs (Appeals), Jawaharlal Nehru Custom House, Sheva, Taluka: Uran, Dist: Raigad, Maharashtra - 400707 under Section 128(1) of the Customs Act, 1962 within sixty days from the date of communication of this order. The appeal should be in duplicate and should be filed in Form CA-1 annexed to the Customs (Appeals) Rules, 1982. The appeal should bear a Court Fee stamp of Rs.2.00 only and should be accompanied by this order or a copy thereof. If a copy of this order is enclosed, it should also bear a Court Fee Stamp of Rs. 2.00 only as prescribed under Schedule 1, Item 6 of the Court Fees Act, 1870.
- Any person desirous of appealing against this decision or order shall, pending the appeal, make payment of 7.5% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute, or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute.

BRIEF FACTS OF THE CASE

- **M/s. T. K. Ventures (IEC: AHUPK0868P)** having address at "3C, Evergreen, Perry Road, Bandra(w) Mumbai- 400050 (hereinafter referred to as 'the importer') had cleared imported items (hereinafter referred to as 'the subject goods') vide Bill of Entry as mentioned in Annexure-A, by classifying the same under CTH- 4016. IGST paid on the said item was 5% as per Serial No. 191 of Schedule- I of Notification No. 01/2017- Integrated Tax (Rate) dt.28.06.2017.
- 2. The appropriate IGST on the subject item is applicable @ 18% as per Sr. No. 123A of Schedule III of Notification No. 01/2017. The relevant part of the Notification No. 01/2017 is as under:

IGST Schedule	Schedule Sr. No	Description
I-191	4016	Erasers
III-123A	4016	Other articles of vulcanised rubber other than hard rubber (other than erasers, rubber bands)

- 3. From the description of the goods declared in the respective Bills of Entry (As per Annexure-A), it is seen that the goods in question are not eligible for IGST payment @5% under Sr. No. 191 of Schedule-I of IGST Notification No. 01/2017, which clearly & specifically is allowed for "Erasers" only. Therefore, the goods imported attracts levy of IGST @18% under Sr. No. 123A of Schedule-III of Notification No. 01/2017. The details of description of goods, Bills of Entry, applicability of correct IGST amount, are as per Annexure-A.
- 4. On comparing both the entries and rates as mentioned above it is noticed that IGST @ 5% is applicable only to Erasers. All other items except Eraser imported under CTH-4016 attract IGST @18%. Hence, it appears that the importer had wilfully mis-declared the subject goods by way wrong IGST Schedule for the purpose of importing the same, declaring IGST @ 5% as per Sr. No. 191 of Schedule-I instead of 18% as per Sr. No. 123A of Schedule-III of IGST Notification No. 01/2017-Integrated Tax (Rate) dated 28.06.2017 thereby paying lower duty than applicable and thus the provisions of Section 28 (4) are invokable in this case.
- **5.** Accordingly, a Consultative Letter No. 740/23-24 issued vide F. No. S/2-Audit-Gen-33/2023-24/JNCH/E-2 (CL No.740/23-24) dated 29.12.2023 was issued to the importer for payment of short levied duty along with applicable interest and penalty. Vide the aforementioned Consultative letter, the Importer was advised to pay the Differential IGST along with interest and penalty in

terms of Section 28(4) of the Customs Act 1962. The importer was further advised to avail the benefit of lower penalty in terms of Section 28(5) of the Customs Act, 1962, by early payment of short paid IGST duty and interest along with penalty @15%. The Consultative letter was issued considering the Pre-Notice Consultation Regulations, 2018. However, the Importer has not responded till date.

- **6.** Relevant Legal Provisions: After the introduction of self-assessment vide Finance Act, 2011, the onus is on the Importer to make true and correct declaration in all aspects including Classification and calculation of duty, but in the instant case the subject goods have been mis-classified and IGST amount has not been paid correctly.
- **7.** Relevant legal provisions for recovery of duty that appears to be evaded are reproduced here for the sake of brevity which are applicable in this instant case:
- **7.1** Section 17(1) Assessment of duty, reads as:

An importer entering any imported goods under section 46, or an exporter entering any export goods under section 50, shall, save as otherwise provided in section 85, self-assess the duty, if any, leviable on such goods.

- **7.2** Section 28 (Recovery of duties not levied or not paid or short-levied or short-paid or erroneously refunded) reads as:
- (4) Where any duty has not been levied or not paid or has been short-levied or short-paid or erroneously refunded, or interest payable has not been paid, part-paid or erroneously refunded, by reason of,-
- (a) collusion; or
- (b) any wilful mis-statement; or
- (c) suppression of facts,

by the importer or the exporter or the agent or employee of the importer or exporter, the proper officer shall, within five years from the relevant date, serve notice on the person chargeable with duty or interest which has not been so levied or not paid or which has been so short-levied or short-paid or to whom the refund has erroneously been made, requiring him to show cause why he should not pay the amount specified in the notice.

(5) Where any duty has not been levied or not paid or has been short-levied or short paid or the interest has not been charged or has been part-paid or the duty or interest has been erroneously refunded by reason of collusion or any wilful mis-statement or suppression of facts by the importer or the exporter or the agent or the employee of the importer or the exporter, to whom a notice has been served

under sub- section (4) by the proper officer, such person may pay the duty in full or in part, as may be accepted by him, and the interest payable thereon under section 28AA and the penalty equal to fifteen per cent of the duty specified in the notice or the duty so accepted by that person, within thirty days of the receipt of the notice and inform the proper officer of such payment in writing.

- (6) Where the importer or the exporter or the agent or the employee of the importer or the exporter, as the case may be, has paid duty with interest and penalty under sub-section (5), the proper officer shall determine the amount of duty or interest and on determination, if the proper officer is of the opinion-
- (i) that the duty with interest and penalty has been paid in full, then, the proceedings in respect of such person or other persons to whom the notice is served under sub-section (1) or sub- section (4), shall, without prejudice to the provisions of sections 135, 135A and 140 be deemed to be conclusive as to the matters stated therein; or
- (ii) that the duty with interest and penalty that has been paid falls short of the amount actually payable, then, the proper officer shall proceed to issue the notice as provided for in clause (a) of sub-section (1) in respect of such amount which falls short of the amount actually payable in the manner specified under that sub-section and the period of two years shall be computed from the date of receipt of information under sub-section (5).

7.3 Section 28AA- Interest on delayed payment of duty

- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any judgment, decree, order or direction of any court, Appellate Tribunal or any authority or in any other provision of this Act or the rules made thereunder, the person, who is liable to pay duty in accordance with the provisions of section 28, shall, in addition to such duty, be liable to pay interest, if any, at the rate fixed under sub-section (2), whether such payment is made voluntarily or after determination of the duty under that section.
- (2) Interest, at such rate not below ten per cent. and not exceeding thirty-six per cent. per annum, as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, fix, shall be paid by the person liable to pay duty in terms of section 28 and such interest shall be calculated from the first day of the month succeeding the month in which the duty ought to have been paid or from the date of such erroneous refund, as the case may be, up to the date of payment of such duty.
- 7.4 SECTION 46. Entry of goods on importation, subsection 46(4) reads as:
- (4) The importer while presenting a bill of entry shall make and subscribe to a declaration as to the truth of the contents of such bill of entry and shall, in

support of such declaration, produce to the proper officer the invoice, if any, and such other documents relating to the imported goods as may be prescribed.

- 7.5 Section 111 (Confiscation of improperly imported goods etc.) reads as: The following goods brought from a place outside India shall be liable to confiscation (m) Any goods which do not correspond in respect of value or in any other particular with the entry made under this Act..............;
- **7.6** Section 112 (Penalty for improper importation of goods etc.) reads as: "Any person-
- (a)who in relation to any goods does or omits to do any act which act or omission would render such goods liable to confiscation under Section 111, or abets the doing or omission of such an act shall be liable, -
- (i) in the case of goods in respect of which any prohibition is in force under this Act or any other law for the time being in force, to a penalty not exceeding the value of the goods or five thousand rupees, whichever is greater;
- (ii) in the case of dutiable goods, other than prohibited goods, subject to the provisions of Section 114A, to a penalty not exceeding ten percent of the duty sought to be evaded or five thousand rupees, whichever is higher....."
- **7.7** Section 114A-Penalty for short-levy or non-levy of duty in certain cases. –

Where the duty has not been levied or has been short-levied or the interest has not been charged or paid or has been part paid or the duty or interest has been erroneously refunded by reason of collusion or any wilful mis-statement or suppression of facts, the person who is liable to pay the duty or interest, as the case may be, as determined under sub-section (8) of section 28 shall also be liable to pay a penalty equal to the duty or interest so determined:

Provided that where such duty or interest, as the case may be, as determined under sub-section (8) of section 28, and the interest payable thereon under section 28AA, is paid within thirty days from the date of the communication of the order of the proper officer determining such duty, the amount of penalty liable to be paid by such person under this section shall be twenty-five per cent of the duty or interest, as the case may be, so determined:

Provided further that the benefit of reduced penalty under the first proviso shall be available subject to the condition that the amount of penalty so determined has also been paid within the period of thirty days referred to in that proviso:

Provided also that where the duty or interest determined to be payable is reduced or increased by the Commissioner (Appeals), the Appellate Tribunal or, as the case may be, the court, then, for the purposes of this section, the duty or

interest as reduced or increased, as the case may be, shall be taken into account:

Provided also that in case where the duty or interest determined to be payable is increased by the Commissioner (Appeals), the Appellate Tribunal or, as the case may be, the court, then, the benefit of reduced penalty under the first proviso shall be available if the amount of the duty or the interest so increased, along with the interest payable thereon under section 28AA, and twenty-five percent of the consequential increase in penalty have also been paid within thirty days of the communication of the order by which such increase in the duty or interest takes effect:

Provided also that where any penalty has been levied under this section, no penalty shall be levied under section 112 or section 114.

Explanation. - For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that -

- (i) the provisions of this section shall also apply to cases in which the order determining the duty or interest under sub-section (8) of section 28 relates to notices issued prior to the date on which the Finance Act, 2000 receives the assent of the President;
- (ii) any amount paid to the credit of the Central Government prior to the date of communication of the order referred to in the first proviso or the fourth proviso shall be adjusted against the total amount due from such person.
- **8.** Acts of omission and commission by the Importer:
- **8.1** As per section 17(1) of the Act, "An Importer entering any imported goods under section 46, shall, save as otherwise provided in section 85, self-assess the duty, if any, leviable on such goods." Thus, in this case the importer had self-assessed the Bills of Entry and appears to have Short levy of IGST due to wrong selection of IGST Schedule. As the importer got monetary benefit due to said act, it is apparent that the same was done deliberately by wilful misclassification of the said goods in the Bills of Entry during self-assessment. Therefore, differential duty is recoverable from the importer under Section 28(4) of the Customs Act, 1962 along with applicable interest as per Section 28AA of the said Act.
- **8.2** It appears that the Importer has given a declaration under section 46(4) of the Act, for the truthfulness of the content submitted at the time of filing Bill of Entry. However, the applicable IGST rate on the subject goods was not paid by the Importer at the time of clearance of goods. It also appears that the Importer has submitted a false declaration under section 46(4) of the Act. By the act of presenting goods in contravention to the provisions of section 111(m), it appears that the Importer has rendered the subject goods liable for

- confiscation under section 111(m) of the Act. For the above act of deliberate omission and commission that rendered the goods liable to confiscation. Accordingly, the Importer also appears liable to penal action under Section 112 (a) and /or 114 A and of the Customs Act, 1962.
 - **9.** From the foregoing, it appears that the Importer have wilfully misclassification the goods; that the Importer have submitted a false declaration under section 46(4) of the said Act. Due to this act of omission of Importer, there has been loss to the government exchequer equal to the differential duty.
 - 10. Therefore, in terms of Section 124 read with Section 28(4) of the Customs Act, 1962 M/s. T. K. Ventures (IEC: AHUPK0868P) was called upon to show cause to the The Deputy Commissioner of Customs, Gr.1, Jawaharlal Nehru Custom House, Nhava Sheva –I, Taluk Uran, District Raigad, Maharashtra 400 707, within 30 days of the receipt of the notice, as to why:
 - i. The IGST rate claimed under Schedule- I, Sr. No. 191 of IGST levy Notification No. 01/2017-Integrated Tax (Rate) dated 28.06.2017 for the subject goods should not be rejected and IGST rate under Schedule III, Sr. No. 123A of said notification should not be levied.
 - ii. Differential IGST amount of Rs. **792**/- (Rupees Seven Hundred and Ninety-Two Only) with respect to the items covered under Bill of entry as mentioned in Annexure-A to this notice should not be demanded under Section 28 (4) of the Customs Act, 1962 along with applicable interest as per Section 28AA of the Customs Act, 1962.
 - iii. The subject goods as detailed in Annexure-A to this notice having a total assessable value of Rs. 5,491/- (Rupees Five Thousand Four Hundred and Ninty-One Only) should not be held liable for confiscation under Section 111(m) of the Customs Act, 1962.
 - iv. Penalty on the duty should not be recovered under the provisions of section 28(5) of the Customs Act, 1962.
 - v. Penalty should not be imposed on the under Section 112(A), 114(A) & 117 of the Customs Act, 1962.

EXTENSION OF TIME LIMIT

11. Show Cause Notice in the subject matter had been issued on 10.07.2024. The last date for adjudication of the case was 09.07.2025, which has been extended by the competent authority for 06 months up to 08.01.2026, in light of provision of Section 28(9) of Customs Act-1962.

PERSONAL HEARING AND WRITTEN SUBMISSIONS

12. In order to comply with the Principals of Natural Justice, the noticee was given opportunities for Personal Hearing on 12.11.2025, 18.11.2025 and 25.11.2025 with prior intimation. However, no one appeared for the personal

hearing. I, therefore, proceed to decide the case ex-parte on the basis of available record.

DISCUSSION AND FINDINGS

- 13. I have carefully gone through the records of the case and the written submissions made by the importer;
- **13.1** I find that the importer M/s. T. K. Ventures (IEC: AHUPK0868P) had cleared their imported items vide Bill of Entry as mentioned in Annexure-A, by classifying the same under CTH- 4016 and IGST paid on the said item @ 5% as per Serial No. 191 of Schedule- I of Notification No. 01/2017- Integrated Tax (Rate) dt.28.06.2017.
- 13.2 I find that the declared goods in the respective Bills of Entry (As per Annexure-A), are not eligible for IGST payment @5% under Sr. No. 191 of Schedule-I of IGST Notification No. 01/2017, which clearly & specifically is allowed for "Erasers" only. Therefore, the goods imported attracts levy of IGST @18% under Sr. No. 123A of Schedule-III of Notification No. 01/2017. The details of description of goods, Bills of Entry, applicability of correct IGST amount, are as per Annexure-A to the Audit Report.
- 13.3 I find that a Consultative Letter bearing no. 740/23-24 dated 29.12.2023 was issued to the importer for payment of short levied duty along with applicable interest and penalty. However, the Importer has not responded till date.
- **13.4** I find that differential IGST amount of Rs. 792/- is recoverable from the importer under Section 28(4) of the Customs Act, 1962 along with applicable interest as per Section 28AA of the said Act.
- 13.5 I find that the Importer has submitted a false declaration under section 46(4) of the Act and rendered the subject goods liable for confiscation under section 111(m) of the Act. For the above act of deliberate omission and commission, the Importer liable to penal action under Section 28(5) and 112 (a)(ii) of the Customs Act, 1962.
- **14.** In view of the factual details of the case as discussed above, I pass the following order:

ORDER

- i. I reject the IGST rate claimed @ 5% under Schedule- I, Sr. No. 191 of IGST levy Notification No. 01/2017-Integrated Tax (Rate) dated 28.06.2017 for the subject goods and order to levy @ 18% under Schedule III, Sr. No. 123A of said notification.
- ii. I order to recovery of the differential IGST amount of Rs. 792/- (Rupees Seven Hundred and Ninety-Two Only) with respect to the items covered

under Bill of entry as mentioned in Annexure-A, under Section 28 (4) of the Customs Act, 1962 along with applicable interest as per Section 28AA of the Customs Act, 1962.

- iii. I held the subject goods as detailed in Annexure-A having a total assessable value of Rs. 5,491/- (Rupees Five Thousand Four Hundred and Ninty-One Only) are liable for confiscation under Section 111(m) of the Customs Act, 1962. However, as the goods are not available for such confiscation, I impose a **redemption fine of Rs. 2000-/- (Rupees Two Thousand Only)** under section 125 of the Customs Act, 1962 in lieu thereof.
- iv. I also impose a penalty of Rs. 792- (Rupees Seven Hundred Ninty Two only) on the importer M/s. T. K. Ventures (IEC: AHUPK0868P) under Section 114A of the Customs Act, 1962.
- 15. This order is issued without prejudice to any other action that may be taken in respect of the goods in question and/or the persons/ firms concerned, covered or not covered by this show cause notice, under the provisions of Customs Act, 1962, and/or any other law for the time being in force in the Republic of India.

(Atul Choudhary) Deputy Commissioner of Customs Gr I&IA, JNCH

Encl; Annexure-A

To,

M/s. T. K. Ventures, 3C, Evergreen, Perry Road, Bandra(w) Mumbai- 400050

Copy to;

- 1) DC/Audit Section, JNCH, Mumbai Zone-II,
- 2) DC/CAC, JNCH (for information only),
- 3) DC/CRAC Section, JNCH,
- 4) DC/ EDI, JNCH,
- 5) Notice Board (for display),
- 6) Office Copy

						Anne	xure-A						
Sr.	Importer Name	BE No.	BE Date	Inv No.	Item Sr No.	Item Descr.	стн	Duty paid Calcualtion				Short Dut aid	
NO.			5 12-07-2019	1	100	TENNISBALL L - 1ST - 10CM ORANGE/BLUE (DOG TOY) (12 PCS)(FOR PET BIRDS/ANIMALS- NOT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION)		Assess Value	BCD (10%)	SWS (10% of BCD)	IGST (5%)	Total Outy Paid	
								940	94.0	9.4	52	1 55.57	
								I pilotulation				135.6	
								Assess Value	BCD (10%)	SWS (10% of BCD)	IGST (18%)	Total [uty Payble	a consta
		4049416						940	94.0	9.4	188	2 31.21	
1	T K VENTURES			Inv No.	Item Sr No.	Item Descr.	стн	Duty paid Calcualtion				Short Duty Paid	
						SUPA CHEW STICK ROUND		Assess Value	BCD (10%)	SWS (10% of BCD)	IGST (5%)	Total Duty Paid	
								4551	455.1	45.5	253	753	
				100	5X5X16CM(DOG TOY) (24 PCS)(FOR PETBIRDS/ANIMALS-	40169990	The Paris Colombian			656.7			
				1	108	NOT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION)		Assess Value	BCD (10%)	SWS (10% of BCD)	IGST (18%)	Total Duty Payble	
								4551	455.1	45.5	909	1410	
								4551	1 100.2		Total Duty to	be paid	792.35

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Assess Value BCE (10%) Stwa (20%) BCC)

Assess Value BCE (10%) Stwa (31% of BCS) (10% and 10% BCE)

Assess Value BCE (10%) BCE) (10% (10%) BCE)

Duty pale Calcuatrich

	Assess Value	BCD (1.096)	5005 (13% of BCD)	
		455.1		
9890		Dut	y to be Faid Ca	
	Assets Value	BC3 (1.0%)	SWS (10% or BC 1)	(681 (10°)
	3551	455.3		